

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fairview Health Services
Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022
With Report of Independent Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP



Fairview Health Services

Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors
Fairview Health Services

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Fairview Health Services (the Company), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets, and consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the consolidated financial statements).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Ernst & Young LLP

April 12, 2024

Fairview Health Services

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Dollars in Thousands)

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents <i>(Note 4)</i>	\$ 65,232	\$ 78,219
Short-term investments	466,989	298,727
Accounts receivable for medical services	758,740	669,193
Receivable under third-party payor contracts	68,122	19,816
Current portion of contributions receivable	6,271	6,710
Inventories	164,950	156,597
Other current assets	166,964	168,581
Total current assets	1,697,268	1,397,843
Investments	1,460,835	1,636,699
Assets limited as to use:		
Held by insurance subsidiaries	61,084	55,958
Restricted fund investments	18,767	18,687
Total assets limited as to use	79,851	74,645
Other long-term assets:		
Contributions receivable	10,272	12,328
Investments in related parties	67,948	63,530
Right-of-use operating lease assets	130,207	124,875
Goodwill and intangible assets	52,866	52,958
Other long-term assets, including those from related parties	120,163	102,941
Total other long-term assets	381,456	356,632
Land, buildings, and equipment, net	1,292,093	1,293,942
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,911,503</u>	<u>\$ 4,759,761</u>

	December 31	
	2023	2022
Liabilities and net assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 506,992	\$ 349,519
Accrued compensation and benefits	331,142	302,186
Payable under third-party payor contracts	6,121	13,715
Right-of-use operating lease obligations	25,353	21,824
Current maturities of long-term debt	38,299	31,216
Other current liabilities	128,179	114,016
Total current liabilities	1,036,086	832,476
Other liabilities:		
Insurance subsidiaries claims reserves	41,620	33,586
Workers' compensation claims reserves	33,080	39,165
Right-of-use operating lease obligations	118,704	117,260
Derivative financial instruments	7,416	18,321
Other long-term liabilities	93,971	84,612
Total other liabilities	294,791	292,944
Long-term debt	1,522,953	1,553,668
Total liabilities	2,853,830	2,679,088
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions:		
Fairview Health Services (Fairview)	1,973,274	1,991,404
Non-controlling interests	48,802	50,850
Total net assets without donor restrictions	2,022,076	2,042,254
Net assets with donor restrictions	35,597	38,419
Total net assets	2,057,673	2,080,673
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 4,911,503	\$ 4,759,761

See accompanying notes.

Fairview Health Services

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets *(Dollars in Thousands)*

	Year Ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Operating revenues:		
Patient service revenue	\$ 6,951,114	\$ 6,256,948
Other operating revenue	353,793	396,051
Net assets released from donor restrictions	6,694	8,758
Total operating revenues	7,311,601	6,661,757
Expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	3,361,206	3,166,866
Supplies	2,276,215	2,052,581
Purchased services	1,166,654	1,090,644
Utilities and maintenance	233,030	232,100
Insurance and rent	92,453	80,956
State and local taxes	99,585	96,302
Other operating expenses	63,341	58,308
Depreciation and amortization	151,103	145,458
Interest	57,016	53,986
Total operating expenses	7,500,603	6,977,201
Operating loss before non-recurring (expenses) revenue, net	(189,002)	(315,444)
Non-recurring revenue (expenses):		
Gain on sale of business, net	18,320	64,279
Strategic transactions and restructuring, net	(26,372)	(6,278)
Labor strike expense	—	(24,527)
Total non-recurring (expenses) revenue, net	(8,052)	33,474
Operating loss after non-recurring (expenses) revenue, net	(197,054)	(281,970)
Nonoperating gains (losses):		
Investment gain (loss)	181,946	(224,441)
Gains on interest rate swaps, net	898	52,816
Other nonoperating gains (losses), net	1,704	(9,191)
Total nonoperating gains (losses)	184,548	(180,816)
Deficit of revenues over expenses	(12,506)	(462,786)
Less amounts attributable to non-controlling interests	(2,881)	(3,702)
Deficit of revenues over expenses attributable to Fairview	(15,387)	(466,488)

	Year Ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Net assets without donor restrictions, Fairview:		
Deficit of revenues over expenses	\$ (15,387)	\$ (466,488)
Pension and other postretirement liability adjustments	(26)	4,026
Other changes, net	(2,717)	1,782
Decrease in net assets without donor restrictions, Fairview	(18,130)	(460,680)
Net assets without donor restrictions, non-controlling interests:		
Excess of revenues over expenses	2,881	3,702
Distributions to non-controlling interests and other changes	(4,929)	(6,864)
Decrease in net assets without donor restrictions, non-controlling interests	(2,048)	(3,162)
Donor-restricted net assets:		
Contributions and other changes, net	3,872	3,601
Net assets released from restrictions	(6,694)	(8,758)
Decrease in donor-restricted net assets	(2,822)	(5,157)
Total decrease in net assets	(23,000)	(468,999)
Net assets at beginning of year	2,080,673	2,549,672
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 2,057,673</u>	<u>\$ 2,080,673</u>

See accompanying notes.

Fairview Health Services

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Dollars in Thousands)

	Year Ended December 31	
	2023	2022
Operating activities		
Decrease in net assets	\$ (23,000)	\$ (468,999)
Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	151,103	145,458
Pension and other postretirement liability adjustments	26	(4,026)
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses on trading investments	(137,902)	258,064
Change in fair value of interest and basis rate swaps	(799)	(57,263)
Other, net	(6,743)	(992)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable for medical services	(89,547)	(13,569)
Other current assets	(55,042)	(46,418)
Current liabilities	196,906	(222,669)
Other assets and liabilities, net	(30,939)	(44,749)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities before change in trading and alternative investments	4,063	(455,163)
Change in trading and alternative investments	292,935	459,411
Net cash provided by operating activities	296,998	4,248
Investing activities		
Purchases of land, buildings, and equipment, net	(125,709)	(141,473)
Other investing activities, including net proceeds from sale of business	18,000	71,001
Net cash used in investing activities	(107,709)	(70,472)
Financing activities		
Principal payments on long-term debt	(39,962)	(36,227)
Change in collateral posted on derivative financial instruments	(10,087)	57,167
Other financing activities, net	410	(2,660)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(49,639)	18,280
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	139,650	(47,944)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year	239,191	287,135
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of year (Note 4)	\$ 378,841	\$ 239,191
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities		
Accruals for purchases of buildings and equipment	\$ 22,718	\$ 13,171
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities	17,484	24,170
Total noncash investing and financing activities	\$ 40,202	\$ 37,341

See accompanying notes.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Dollars in Thousands)

December 31, 2023

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Fairview Health Services, an integrated health system, along with its affiliates and subsidiaries (collectively referred to as Fairview) is a nonprofit corporation headquartered in Minnesota and is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the IRC).

Fairview serves the entire 12-county Minneapolis-St. Paul metro area (the Metro Area), as well as communities throughout greater Minnesota and portions of northern Iowa and western Wisconsin and is one of the most comprehensive and geographically accessible systems in Minnesota. As of December 31, 2023, Fairview owns and operates ten hospitals, including the M Health Fairview University of Minnesota Medical Center and the M Health Fairview Masonic Children's Hospital (collectively, UMMC), which is the adult and pediatric teaching hospital of the University of Minnesota (the University). UMMC and seven of Fairview's community hospitals are in the Metro Area. Fairview's other two community hospitals are in northern Minnesota. Fairview operates over 80 primary and specialty care clinics, six ambulatory care centers, 37 retail and specialty pharmacies, pharmacy benefit management (PBM) services, rehabilitation centers, physician network, senior care housing and long-term care facilities, and medical transportation.

Fairview, through its integrated care model, aims to deliver the benefits of academic medicine to more patients and families across the state by expanding care, research, and education through access to a greater pool of physicians and patients, while seeking to reduce the total cost of care for patients.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Fairview, comprising both tax-exempt and taxable entities. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Although estimates are considered to be fairly stated at the time the estimates are made, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include currency on hand, demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions, and short-term investments with maturities of 90 days or less from the date of purchase that have not otherwise been classified as long-term assets due to a designation for long-term purposes. Fairview's cash investments are placed with high-quality financial institutions and may exceed federal depository insurance limits. Restricted cash and cash equivalents include amounts described above that are included within assets limited as to use.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting primarily of drugs and medical supplies, are recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value on a first-in, first-out basis.

Investments

Fairview's investments include money market, fixed-income, and equity securities, which are carried at fair value, based on quoted market prices, and classified as trading securities. Investments classified as short-term investments represent the investment of cash available for current operations, including investments in debt and equity securities classified as trading securities.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments in commingled funds are recorded at net asset value as a practical expedient to fair value. Investments in companies that hold interests in hedge funds, private capital funds, and real estate funds (collectively, alternative investments) are recorded using the equity method of accounting, with the change in value of these investments recorded as investment return on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Values of some of the underlying investments may be based on estimates that require varying degrees of judgment, and consequently, these estimates may differ from the values at which investments may be sold. Values for fund of hedge funds are primarily based on financial data supplied by the underlying investee funds. Values for real estate funds are based on the fair value of the underlying real estate.

Realized investment income on investments held by insurance subsidiaries is recorded in other operating revenue on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Investment return (including realized and unrealized gains and losses, interest, and dividends) from all other investments and unrealized investment income on funds held by insurance subsidiaries are recorded as nonoperating gains or losses, unless restricted by donor or law.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognized as either assets or liabilities based on the net fair value in accordance with the netting provisions in the counterparty agreement. Fairview uses pricing models for various types of derivative instruments that take into account the present value of estimated future cash flows and credit valuation adjustments.

Gains or losses resulting from changes in the fair values of derivative financial instruments are reflected within the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as nonoperating gains or losses as none of the derivative financial instruments are designated as an accounting hedge. Any differences between interest received and paid under swap agreements are reported as nonoperating gains or losses.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments in Related Parties

Investments in entities in which Fairview has the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies, but does not have operational control, are recorded under the equity method of accounting. Equity method investments are recorded as investments in related parties on the consolidated balance sheets. In April 2022, Fairview sold its 25% ownership in Maple Grove Hospital Corporation, resulting in a gain on disposals and other strategic transactions of \$65,339 within the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill and intangible assets related to acquisitions are recorded on the consolidated balance sheets. During 2023 and 2022, Fairview did not acquire any goodwill or intangible assets.

Land, Buildings, and Equipment

Land, buildings, and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The following estimated useful lives are used in calculating depreciation:

Land improvements	5–20 years
Buildings	30–40 years
Building additions and improvements	17–25 years
Equipment	2–20 years

Interest cost, net of related interest income, incurred on funds used during the period for construction of capital assets is capitalized as part of the cost of acquiring those assets.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Asset Impairment

Fairview annually evaluates the carrying values of long-lived assets, goodwill, and intangible assets for impairment. Whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable, impairment tests are performed to determine whether the carrying values are appropriate using estimated future undiscounted cash flow analyses. If undiscounted cash flows are insufficient to recover the carrying value of the long-lived asset, such asset is written down to fair value. Impairment losses are recognized within operating income at the time the impairment is identified. During 2023 and 2022, Fairview did not record any impairments.

Leases

Fairview determines whether an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in other long-term assets, current liabilities, and other liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position. Finance leases are included in land, building, and equipment; current maturities of long-term debt; and long-term debt on the consolidated statements of financial position.

Right-of-use (ROU) assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the commencement date, based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. When a lease does not provide an implicit rate, Fairview uses an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The implicit rate is used when readily determinable. The ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain Fairview will exercise the option. Operating fixed lease expense and finance lease depreciation expense are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fairview defines a short-term lease as any lease arrangement with a lease term of 12 months or less that does not include an option to purchase the underlying asset. Short-term lease payments are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term and variable lease payments in the period in which the obligation is incurred.

Fairview has lease arrangements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately, except Fairview has elected the practical expedient not to separate non-lease components for real estate leases. Additionally, for certain equipment leases, Fairview applies a portfolio approach to effectively account for the ROU assets and liabilities.

Net Assets

Net assets without donor restrictions are used to account for all transactions related to medical services and other operating and nonoperating activities for which there are no donor-imposed restrictions and may be used at the discretion of management and the board of directors of Fairview. Net assets with donor restrictions are those assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions are met by passage of time or actions of Fairview. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Non-Controlling Interests

The consolidated financial statements include entities in which Fairview has less than 100% ownership but otherwise controls in accordance with applicable accounting guidance. Non-controlling interests represent the portion of excess of revenues over expenses and net assets without donor restrictions not attributable to Fairview.

Patient Service Revenue and Accounts Receivable for Medical Services

Patient service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which Fairview expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Charity and Uncompensated Care

Under Fairview's charity care policy, patients who have no insurance or are underinsured and are ineligible for any government assistance program have their bill reduced to no more than the amount generally billed to individuals who have insurance for emergency or medically necessary care using a look-back method for reimbursement received from all accounts for the previous fiscal year.

The estimated cost of providing charity care was \$57,921 and \$45,481 during 2023 and 2022, respectively. This total cost is estimated by applying an overall cost-to-charge ratio to the charges incurred. Total cost includes wages and salaries, supplies, building maintenance, equipment, and administrative expenses.

Other Operating Revenue

Other operating revenue primarily consists of grants, PBM revenue, income from investments in related parties recorded on the equity basis, contributions without donor restrictions, and other miscellaneous revenue.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization designated COVID-19 as a global pandemic. The pandemic has had a significant negative impact on patient volumes and increased operating expenses such as supplies and labor. In response to COVID-19, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and the American Rescue Plan Act were enacted to grant funding to provide reimbursement for healthcare-related expenses and/or lost revenue attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic. Fairview has recognized grant awards from these Acts and other sources related to COVID-19 of approximately \$252 and \$50,000 as other revenue on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Grant awards are recognized as income when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions are met. All grant awards received have been recognized as of December 31, 2023. Fairview continues to consider other federal sources of grants for qualifying expenses.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The CARES Act also provided for an expansion of the Medicare Accelerated and Advance Payment Program (Accelerated Payment Program), which allowed inpatient acute care hospitals to request accelerated Medicare payments. In 2020, Fairview received \$329,400 from the Accelerated Payment Program of which \$3,900 and \$212,000 was repaid during 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, all amounts from the Accelerated Payment Program were repaid.

Services provided to Pharmacy Benefit Management (PBM) clients include plan setup, claims adjudication with network pharmacies, formulary management, and reimbursement services. The PBM contractually assumes credit risk when administering pharmacy reimbursement contracts; therefore, revenue is recognized at the cost of the claim in addition to the administrative fees earned for providing the PBM services, except for claims fulfilled at Fairview pharmacies. For claims fulfilled at Fairview pharmacies, claims revenue is not recognized within the PBM as that revenue has been recognized within Fairview pharmacy.

Rebates received under arrangements with manufacturers or third-party intermediaries are recorded as liabilities to be paid to the PBM clients, less applicable administrative fees.

Under the PBM's pharmacy network contracts, the pharmacy is solely obligated to collect the co-payments from the members. Under client contracts, the PBM does not assume liability for member co-payments in pharmacy transactions. As such, the PBM does not include member co-payments to retail pharmacies in revenue.

For administrative services revenue and PBM revenue, performance obligations are satisfied over time. Revenue is therefore recognized pro rata over the time-bound performance obligation as Fairview transfers service over the period in which the member is entitled to the services. Performance obligations for contracts that are greater than one year were not material. Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are treated as an expense when incurred as the time period of most contracts with customers is one year.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Contributions

Contributions are reported as donor-restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When donor restrictions are satisfied, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported within the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets either as net assets released from restriction if the purpose relates to operations or as contributions of long-lived assets if the purpose relates to capital. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions or conditions are met within the same fiscal year as the revenue is received are reported as support within net assets without donor restriction in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give are reported at fair value when the gift is received, and all conditions have been satisfied. All unrestricted contributions are reported within other operating revenue on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets.

Contributions receivables are recorded in the period that the contributions are made and represent unconditional promises to give for various operating and capital purposes. Contributions that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows. An allowance for uncollectible pledges receivable is determined based on a review of estimated collectability.

Amounts receivable directly from donors are generally expected to be collected within one year. Fairview also records assets related to contributions raised through the University of Minnesota Foundation on Fairview's behalf, which are expected to be received within one to five years. The University of Minnesota Foundation releases funds to Fairview as the donor restrictions, if any, are satisfied.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Operating and Performance Indicator

The operating indicator, operating loss after non-recurring expenses, includes all revenue, gains, and unrestricted contributions to offset operating expense, and equity income or loss of unconsolidated ventures derived from providing healthcare services. Those operating revenues and expenses that are unusual in nature or not expected to recur as part of operations are classified as nonoperating revenues or expenses to improve the comparability of the operating indicator.

The performance indicator is excess of revenues over expenses and includes operating income and nonoperating income. The performance indicator excludes pension and other postretirement liability adjustments, contributions of long-lived assets, non-controlling interests, and distributions to non-controlling interests.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts in the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2023 presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the change in net assets or net assets as previously reported.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

3. Affiliations

Fairview, the University, and the University of Minnesota Physicians (UMP), a multispecialty group practice of more than 1,600 physicians, maintain an affiliation under the M Health Fairview Agreement, which has been effective since December 2018. While the parties maintain separate governance, the M Health Fairview Agreement created a joint clinical enterprise among the parties, integrating operations, research, and education at Fairview's hospitals, clinics, and other services. All are part of a shared care delivery system that is led by a single structure that includes academic physician leadership. The delivery system is united under a single brand, M Health Fairview. The M Health Fairview Agreement includes a Master Professional Services Agreement to facilitate payment from Fairview to UMP for all professional, clinical, and management services. The M Health Fairview Agreement expires in December 2026. In December 2023, Fairview notified the University of its intent not to allow the current agreements to auto-renew. In February 2024, Fairview and the University entered into a Letter of Intent that charts the path forward for the University to purchase UMMC and other related assets in a multiyear and multiphased approach. The assets included within the Letter of Intent have not been classified as held for sale as Fairview and the University have not reached a definitive agreement and the sale transaction is unlikely to occur within the next year. Until 2026 or until an alternative agreement is reached, the parties will continue to operate under the current M Health Fairview Agreement.

Fairview's current bylaws authorize a board of directors of up to 21 members. Four of the 21 members of Fairview's board of directors were appointed by and/or held positions at the University. Through the M Health Fairview Agreement and board representation, the University participates in capital funding decisions for the delivery system.

The M Health Fairview Agreement provides for fixed and variable financial support based on the financial performance of Fairview to the University and UMP. The minimum variable academic support commitment to the University is 0.15% of patient service revenue through 2026. The minimum fixed annual academic support commitment to the University was \$50,000 in 2022 and \$53,113 in 2023 and will continue to increase thereafter through 2026 in accordance with the consumer price index (CPI). The minimum fixed annual academic support commitment to UMP was \$33,629 in 2022 and \$35,723 in 2023 and is increasing annually thereafter in accordance with the CPI.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

3. Affiliations (continued)

Revenue and expenses on a gross basis under all of Fairview's agreements, including academic support, with the University were, respectively, \$15,848 and \$132,415 in 2023, and \$14,908 and \$123,035 in 2022. These amounts were recorded within other operating revenue and the related expense categories on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Amounts receivable from and payable to the University were, respectively, \$13,669 and \$51,053 at December 31, 2023, and \$13,087 and \$38,661 at December 31, 2022. These amounts were recorded within other current assets and accounts payable on the consolidated balance sheets.

Revenue and expenses on a gross basis under all of Fairview's agreements with UMP, including academic support, were, respectively, \$8,280 and \$744,198 for 2023, and \$6,693 and \$658,802 for 2022. These amounts were recorded primarily within other operating revenue and purchased services on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Amounts receivable from and payable to UMP were, respectively, \$218 and \$143,149 at December 31, 2023, and \$1,707 and \$82,194 at December 31, 2022. These amounts were recorded within other current assets and accounts payable on the consolidated balance sheets.

Revenue and expenses on a gross basis under all of Fairview's agreements with the Clinics and Surgery Center, LLC (CSC), a joint venture owned 50% by UMP and 50% by Fairview, were respectively, \$25,070 and \$7,002 for 2023, and \$25,540 and \$3,293 for 2022. These amounts were recorded primarily within other operating revenue and purchased services on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Amounts receivable from the CSC were \$28,697 and \$22,326 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. These amounts were recorded within other long-term assets on the consolidated balance sheets as they are not expected to be collected within the next year and were also netted with the related payables given the nature of the agreements.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

4. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown on the consolidated statements of cash flows as of December 31:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,232	\$ 78,219
Cash and cash equivalents included in investments	307,422	153,808
Restricted cash included in assets limited as to use within:		
Held by insurance subsidiaries	192	201
Restricted fund investments	5,995	6,963
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown on the consolidated statements of cash flows	<u>\$ 378,841</u>	<u>\$ 239,191</u>

5. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

Fairview's working capital can fluctuate moderately during the year due to timing of payment received on accounts receivable for medical services from certain payors, timing of cash inflows and outflows related to the affiliation agreements, and timing of cash outflows, including payments on long-term debt; capital expenditures for land, building, and equipment; and timing of employee payments.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

5. Liquidity and Availability of Resources (continued)

Fairview's financial assets available within one year of the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31 for general expenditure are as follows:

	2023	2022
Financial assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,232	\$ 78,219
Short-term investments	466,989	298,727
Accounts receivable for medical services	758,740	669,193
Investments	1,460,835	1,636,699
Assets limited to use	79,851	74,645
Total financial assets	<u>2,831,647</u>	<u>2,757,483</u>
Liquidity resource:		
Line of credit	50,000	100,000
Less amounts not designated for general expenditure or not available within one year:		
Private capital funds	(104,174)	(79,243)
Investments that could be contractually held back at liquidation	(7,925)	(8,298)
Hedge fund liquidity > 1 year	(63,658)	(33,189)
Committed for capital expenditure	(150,000)	(160,000)
Financial assets not available for use within one year	<u>(325,757)</u>	<u>(280,730)</u>
Less assets limited to use	<u>(79,851)</u>	<u>(74,645)</u>
Total financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditure	<u><u>\$ 2,476,039</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,502,108</u></u>

As part of Fairview's liquidity management, management structures its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. In addition, Fairview invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments. To help management with unexpected liquidity needs, Fairview has a \$50,000 line of credit with a bank that can be drawn upon.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

6. Patient Service Revenue and Accounts Receivable for Medical Services

Patient service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which Fairview expects to be entitled in exchange for providing patient care. Patient services revenue includes amounts due from patients, third-party payors (including health insurers and government programs), and others and includes variable consideration for retroactive revenue adjustments due to settlement of ongoing and future audits and reviews. Generally, Fairview bills patients and third-party payors within days after the services are performed or discharged.

Patient service revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied. Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by Fairview. Patient service revenue for performance obligations satisfied over time is recognized based on estimated expected payment at that point in time. Fairview believes that this method provides a reasonable depiction of the transfer of services over the term of the performance obligation based on the services needed to satisfy the obligation. Generally, performance obligations satisfied over time relate to patients receiving inpatient acute care services, including transplant services. Fairview measures the performance obligation from admission into the hospital to the point when it is no longer required to provide services to that patient, which is generally at the time of the discharge. Outpatient services are performance obligations satisfied at a point in time, and revenue is recognized when goods or services are provided, and Fairview does not believe it is required to provide additional goods or services.

As substantially all of its performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year, Fairview has elected to apply the optional exemption provided in Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, and, therefore, is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. The unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations referred to above are primarily related to inpatient acute care services at the end of the reporting period for patients who remain admitted at that time (in-house patients) or transplant patients who receive follow-up care. The performance obligations for these contracts are generally completed when the patients are discharged, which for the majority of Fairview's in-house patients occurs within days or weeks of the reporting period.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

6. Patient Service Revenue and Accounts Receivable for Medical Services (continued)

Fairview uses a portfolio approach to account for categories of patient contracts as a collective group rather than recognizing revenue on an individual contract basis. The portfolios primarily consist of major payor classes for inpatient, outpatient, and other patient revenue. Based on historical collection trends and other analysis, Fairview believes that revenue recognized by utilizing the portfolio approach approximates the revenue that would have been recognized if an individual contract approach were used.

Fairview's initial estimate of the transaction price is determined by reducing the total standard charges related to the patient services provided by various elements of variable consideration, including contractual adjustments, discounts, implicit price concessions, and other reductions to Fairview's standard charges. Fairview determines the transaction price associated with services provided to patients who have third-party payor coverage based on reimbursement terms per contractual agreements, Fairview's discount policies, and historical experience. Generally, patients who are covered by third-party payors are responsible for related deductibles and coinsurance, which vary in amount. For patients with deductibles and coinsurance, or uninsured and underinsured patients who do not apply or do not meet the qualifications for charity care, Fairview determines the transaction price associated with services on the basis of charges reduced by implicit price concessions. Implicit price concessions included in the estimate of the transaction price are based on Fairview's historical collection experience for applicable patient portfolios.

Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price (determined on a portfolio basis when applicable) are generally recorded as adjustments to patient service revenue in the period of the change. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, changes in Fairview's estimates of implicit price concessions, discounts, contractual adjustment, or other reductions to expected payments for performance obligations satisfied in prior periods were not significant. Portfolio collection estimates are updated monthly based on collection trends. Subsequent changes that are determined to be the result of an adverse change in the patient's ability to pay (determined on a portfolio basis when applicable) are recorded as bad debt expense. Bad debt expense for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, was not significant.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

6. Patient Service Revenue and Accounts Receivable for Medical Services (continued)

Settlements with third-party payors for total cost of care payor contracts, cost report filings, and retroactive adjustments due to ongoing and future contract provisions, audits, or reviews are considered variable consideration and are included in the determination of the estimated transaction price for providing patient care. These settlements are estimated based on the terms of the payment agreement with the payor, correspondence from the payor, and Fairview's historical settlement activity, including an assessment to ensure it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustment is subsequently resolved. Such estimates are determined through either a probability-weighted estimate or an estimate of the most likely amount, depending on the circumstances related to a given estimated settlement item. Estimated settlements are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known, or as years are settled or are no longer subject to audit or review. Adjustments arising from a change in the transaction price related to these contracts were increases (decreases) of \$74,559 and \$(10,199) in 2023 and 2022, respectively, which represented 1.0% and (0.1)%, respectively, of patient service revenue. Included in such amount, Fairview recognized \$49,821 in patient revenue in 2023 from the 340B Remedy Rule, a Medicare repayment for improperly paid outpatient claims to Disproportionate Share Hospitals from 2018–2021.

There are various proposals at the federal and state levels that could, among other things, significantly reduce payment rates or modify payment methods. The ultimate outcome of these proposals and other market changes, including the potential effects of or revisions to healthcare reform that has been enacted by the federal government, cannot be determined presently. Future changes in the Medicare and Medicaid programs and any reduction of funding could have an adverse impact on Fairview.

Fairview has established estimates, based on information presently available, of amounts due to or from Medicare and other payors for adjustments to current and prior years' payment rates, based on industry-wide and Fairview-specific data. The current Medicaid, Medicare, and other third-party payor programs are based upon extremely complex laws and regulations that are subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount. Additionally, noncompliance with such laws and regulations could result in fines, penalties, and exclusion from such programs. Fairview is not aware of any allegations of noncompliance that could have a material adverse effect on the accompanying consolidated financial statements and believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

6. Patient Service Revenue and Accounts Receivable for Medical Services (continued)

The composition of patient service revenue based on lines of business is summarized below for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Hospital services	\$ 4,155,680	\$ 3,762,065
Pharmacy services	1,604,266	1,427,599
Physician services	973,824	893,890
Senior services	38,788	28,704
Other	178,556	144,690
	<u>\$ 6,951,114</u>	<u>\$ 6,256,948</u>

Hospital revenue includes a variety of services mainly covering inpatient procedures requiring overnight stays or outpatient operations that require anesthesia or use of complex diagnostic and surgical equipment as well as emergency care. Pharmacy services include services provided outside of hospital services, including retail and specialty pharmacies. Physician services include services primarily focused on the care of outpatients covering primary and specialty healthcare needs. Senior services include care provided at long-term senior care facilities, home care, and hospice services.

Patient service revenue by major payor source is summarized below for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Medicare	\$ 1,848,301	\$ 1,667,477
Medicaid	1,212,970	1,038,028
Negotiated contracts, commercial, and other	3,841,880	3,509,521
Self-pay	47,963	41,922
	<u>\$ 6,951,114</u>	<u>\$ 6,256,948</u>

Deductibles, co-payments, and coinsurance under third-party payment programs that are the patient's responsibility are included within the primary payor category in the table above.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

6. Patient Service Revenue and Accounts Receivable for Medical Services (continued)

Fairview does not adjust the promised amount of consideration from patients or third-party payors for the effects of a significant financing component due to Fairview's expectation that the period between the time the service is provided to a patient and the time that the patient or a third-party payor pays for that service will be one year or less. However, Fairview does, in certain instances, enter into payment agreements with patients that allow payments in excess of one year. For those cases, the financing component is not deemed to be significant to the contract.

Fairview grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are residents in the communities served by Fairview and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of accounts receivable for medical services at December 31 consists of the following:

	2023	2022
Medicare	\$ 178,304	\$ 166,629
Medicaid	81,185	62,235
Negotiated contracts, commercial, and other	423,377	385,455
Self-pay	75,874	54,874
	<u>\$ 758,740</u>	<u>\$ 669,193</u>

At December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, one negotiated contract payor accounted for 16% of patient service revenue and one negotiated contract payor accounted for 14% of accounts receivable for medical services.

7. Other Operating Revenue

For the years ended December 31, other operating revenue and net assets released from restriction consisted of the following:

	2023	2022
Pharmacy benefit management	\$ 136,999	\$ 164,430
COVID-19 relief grants	252	49,545
Other	223,236	190,834
	<u>\$ 360,487</u>	<u>\$ 404,809</u>

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

8. Land, Buildings, and Equipment

Land, buildings, and equipment at December 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Land and improvements	\$ 116,178	\$ 117,975
Buildings and improvements	1,923,168	1,877,894
Equipment	964,460	914,937
Finance leased facilities and equipment	98,292	80,809
	<u>3,102,098</u>	<u>2,991,615</u>
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(1,896,453)</u>	<u>(1,776,283)</u>
	1,205,645	1,215,332
Construction-in-progress	86,448	78,610
	<u>\$ 1,292,093</u>	<u>\$ 1,293,942</u>

Depreciation expense, including amortization of assets under capital leases, was \$148,761 and \$143,428 for 2023 and 2022, respectively. Fairview did not record any expenses related to the impairment of land, building, and equipment for 2023 or 2022.

9. Investments

The composition of Fairview's investments, including those with limited uses, at December 31 is summarized as follows:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 313,608	\$ 160,972
Equity pool	387,819	495,884
Fixed-income pool	658,647	731,394
Hedge fund pool	245,416	258,966
Private capital	104,174	79,243
Real assets pool	53,345	69,756
Short duration fixed-income pool	244,666	213,856
	<u>\$ 2,007,675</u>	<u>\$ 2,010,071</u>

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

9. Investments (continued)

Alternative investments accounted for using the equity method of accounting and investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are as follows:

	December 31		Unfunded Commitments at December 31, 2023	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
	2023	2022			
Equity commingled funds	\$ 112,820	\$ 155,731	\$ —	Monthly	10 days
Equity long/short hedge funds	91,818	95,716	—	Monthly/ Quarterly/ Biannually	30–90 days
Fixed-income hedge fund	63,146	58,723	—	Quarterly	60 days
Fixed-income commingled funds	77,658	70,817	—	Quarterly	60 days
Other hedge fund	90,452	104,527	12,656	Monthly/ Quarterly	30–90 days
Private capital funds	104,174	79,671	45,894	7–9 years	N/A
Total	<u>\$ 540,068</u>	<u>\$ 565,185</u>	<u>\$ 58,550</u>		

Fairview's investments are exposed to various types and levels of risk. Equity securities and equity mutual funds expose Fairview to market risk, performance risk, and liquidity risk for both domestic and international investments. Market risk is the risk associated with major movements of the equity markets. Performance risk is the risk associated with a company's operating performance. Fixed-income securities and fixed-income mutual funds expose Fairview to interest rate risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk. As interest rates change, the value of many fixed-income securities is affected, including those with fixed interest rates. Credit risk is the risk that the obligor of the security will not fulfill its obligations. Liquidity risk is affected by the willingness of market participants to buy and sell particular securities. Liquidity risk tends to be higher for equities related to small capitalization companies and certain alternative investments, such as private capital funds, and hedge funds. Through Fairview's investments in hedge funds, Fairview is indirectly involved in investment activities, such as securities lending, trading in futures and forward contracts, and other derivative products. Derivatives are used to adjust underlying manager portfolio risk exposure. While these financial instruments may contain varying degrees of risk, Fairview's risk with respect to such transactions is limited to its capital balance in each investment. Due to the volatility in the capital markets, there is a reasonable possibility of subsequent changes in fair value resulting in additional gains and losses in the near term.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

9. Investments (continued)

Investment return is summarized and reported on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as follows for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Dividends and interest	\$ 49,403	\$ 38,680
Investment expenses, net	(5,216)	(5,508)
Net realized gains, net	23,821	26,020
Unrealized gains (losses), net	114,126	(284,128)
	<u>\$ 182,134</u>	<u>\$ (224,936)</u>
Other operating revenue	\$ 124	\$ (3)
Nonoperating gains (losses)	181,946	(224,441)
Contributions and other changes, net, in donor-restricted net assets	64	(492)
	<u>\$ 182,134</u>	<u>\$ (224,936)</u>

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

10. Leases

Fairview leases facilities, vehicles, and equipment under lease agreements, which include both monthly and long-term arrangements.

Assets and liabilities arising from leases as of December 31 are as follows:

	Classification	2023	2022
Right-of-use assets:			
Operating	ROU operating lease assets	\$ 130,207	\$ 124,875
Finance	Land, buildings, and equipment	98,292	80,809
Total right-of-use assets		<u>\$ 228,499</u>	<u>\$ 205,684</u>
	Classification	2023	2022
Current lease liabilities:			
Operating	ROU operating lease obligations	\$ 25,353	\$ 21,824
Finance	Current maturities of long-term debt	10,276	7,726
Non-current lease liabilities:			
Operating	ROU operating lease obligations	118,704	117,260
Finance	Long-term debt	50,769	51,179
Total lease liabilities		<u>\$ 205,102</u>	<u>\$ 197,989</u>

Finance lease assets are recorded net of accumulated amortization of \$60,364 and \$55,340 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Lease cost for the years ended December 31 was as follows:

	2023	2022
Short-term rentals	\$ 39,091	\$ 36,117
Operating leases	28,291	26,762
Finance leases:		
Amortization of leased assets	12,460	2,460
Interest on lease liabilities	2,525	2,598
	<u>\$ 82,367</u>	<u>\$ 67,937</u>

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

10. Leases (continued)

The maturity of lease liabilities at December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Operating Leases	Financing Leases	Total
Undiscounted cash flows due within:			
2024	\$ 31,849	\$ 10,444	\$ 42,293
2025	27,744	8,240	35,984
2026	25,508	5,711	31,219
2027	23,039	3,387	26,426
2028	18,408	2,237	20,645
2029 and thereafter	44,672	31,937	76,609
Total undiscounted cash flows	171,220	61,956	233,176
Impact of present value discount	27,163	911	28,074
Amount reported on balance sheet	<u>\$ 144,057</u>	<u>\$ 61,045</u>	<u>\$ 205,102</u>

Other disclosures as of or for the year ended December 31, 2023, are as follows:

	Operating	Financing
Cash flows for leases	\$ 32,055	\$ 9,917
ROU assets obtained in exchange for new lease liabilities	31,672	17,484
Weighted average term (years)	6.9	14.8
Weighted average discount rate	3.83%	4.24%

Other disclosures as of or for the year ended December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Operating	Financing
Cash flows for leases	\$ 31,041	\$ 6,914
ROU assets obtained in exchange for new lease liabilities	22,404	24,170
Weighted average term (years)	7.3	16.7
Weighted average discount rate	3.47%	4.22%

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

11. Debt

Fairview's long-term debt is summarized as follows:

	Annual Interest Rates	Final Scheduled Maturity	Amount Outstanding at December 31	
			2023	2022
Health Care System Revenue Bonds:				
Series 2021 10-Year Taxable	2.56%	2031	\$ 100,925	\$ 100,925
Series 2021 30-Year Taxable	3.46%	2051	100,945	100,945
Series 2018A Tax-Exempt	4.00%–5.00%	2049	263,890	263,890
Series 2018B Taxable	Variable	2048	113,015	113,015
Series 2018C Taxable	Variable	2048	110,510	110,510
Series 2017A Tax-Exempt	2.00%–5.00%	2047	172,060	175,940
Series 2017B Taxable	3.13%	2031	95,415	95,415
Series 2017C Taxable	2.79%	2031	94,180	95,410
Series 2015A Tax-Exempt	2.00%–5.00%	2044	91,940	94,735
Series 2015 Taxable	4.16%	2043	276,820	290,500
Senior housing revenue bonds and notes	Various fixed rate	Various	47,311	48,600
Finance lease obligations	Various fixed rate	Various	61,045	58,905
Other	Various fixed rate	Various	3,650	5,394
			<u>1,531,706</u>	<u>1,554,184</u>
Net unamortized premium			38,521	40,131
Unamortized debt issuance costs			(8,975)	(9,431)
Current maturities of long-term debt			<u>(38,299)</u>	<u>(31,216)</u>
			<u>\$ 1,522,953</u>	<u>\$ 1,553,668</u>

In September 2015, the City of Minneapolis, on behalf of Fairview, issued Series 2015A tax-exempt bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$111,255 to refund the principal amount of previously outstanding revenue bonds and provide new money to fund facility expansion. The Series 2015A bonds were issued at a premium of \$11,808. At the same time, Fairview also issued Series 2015 taxable private placement bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$352,440 to refund the principal amount of previously outstanding revenue bonds.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

11. Debt (continued)

In August 2017, the Housing and Redevelopment Authority of the City of Saint Paul, on behalf of Fairview, issued Series 2017A tax-exempt bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$202,100 to refund existing debt. The Series 2017A bonds were issued at a premium of \$22,628. At the same time, Fairview also entered into Series 2017B and Series 2017C taxable term loans with two financial institutions for a total of \$190,825 to refund existing taxable direct placement debt.

In October 2018, the City of Minneapolis, on behalf of Fairview, issued the Series 2018A fixed-rate tax-exempt bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$263,890 to refund outstanding revenue bonds and provide \$100,000 in new money to fund facility improvements. The Series 2018A bonds were issued at a premium of \$16,009.

The City of Minneapolis, on behalf of Fairview, also issued the Series 2018BC variable-rate demand bonds (VRDBs) in the aggregate principal amount of \$223,525 to refund previously outstanding private placement bonds. In conjunction with the issuance of the VRDBs, Fairview has entered into various standby purchase and credit agreements in the amount of \$227,420 that expire at various dates, commencing with \$112,436 in September 2024 and \$114,984 in October 2025. Under the terms of the agreements, the bank will make liquidity loans to Fairview in the amount necessary to purchase all or a portion of the VRDBs and pay up to 53 days of interest in the event of a failed remarketing. Principal payments on the liquidity loans would be generally payable beginning 367 days after a failed remarketing in quarterly installments over a three- or four-year amortization period. If the amortization period extends beyond 367 days of the stated maturity date of the letter of credit, full prepayment of the remaining balance would be required. If the standby purchase agreement expires without being renewed or replaced, full prepayment of the remaining balance is amortized over the 367-day period. Fairview plans to put into place a new standby letter of credit to replace the existing agreement that expires in September 2024.

In October 2021, Fairview closed on the issuance of \$201,870 of fixed rate taxable Series 2021 Bonds. Approximately half of the Series 2021 Bonds have a 10-year term with the remaining having a 30-year term. The Series 2021 Bonds were issued for general corporate purposes, including reimbursement of prior capital expenditures, repayment of a \$50,000 fixed rate short-term term loan, and payment of the cost of issuance related to the Series 2021 Bonds.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

11. Debt (continued)

The Fairview Obligated Group (Obligated Group) is defined under the Master Trust Indenture dated September 1, 2015, between Fairview and U.S. Bank National Association, as amended and supplemented from time to time (the MTI). Under the terms of the MTI, members of the Obligated Group are jointly and severally liable for the debts and other obligations of each other and subject to various restrictive covenants, including limitations on incurring additional debt, sale of assets, and the maintenance of certain ratios, including days cash on hand, debt to capitalization, and debt service coverage. The Obligated Group consists of Fairview Health Services, Fairview Pharmacy Services, Range Regional Healthcare Services, Fairview Bethesda Hospital (previously named HealthEast until 2022), HealthEast St. John's Hospital, HealthEast Woodwinds Hospital, and Grand Itasca Clinic and Hospital (collectively, Obligated Affiliates). HealthEast St. Joseph's Hospital, which was also part of the Obligated Group, was merged into Fairview Health Services effective January 1, 2023.

The Obligated Group accounted for 86% of Fairview's consolidated total operating revenue for 2023, and 89% of Fairview's total consolidated assets at December 31, 2023.

Fairview paid interest, net of capitalized interest, of \$59,316 and \$56,231 for the years ended 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The following are aggregate maturities and sinking fund requirements of long-term debt for each of the next five years, assuming no early redemption or other changes to variable-rate debt:

2024	\$ 38,299
2025	41,210
2026	38,044
2027	35,909
2028	36,258

Fairview maintained a credit arrangement for short-term borrowing during 2023 and 2022. At December 31, 2023, Fairview had \$50,000 in credit available for short-term borrowing at a variable interest rate through October 24, 2025. There were no amounts outstanding at December 31, 2023 or 2022.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

12. Derivative Financial Instruments

Fairview uses various derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps, as part of its risk management strategy to manage exposure to fluctuation in interest rates and to manage the overall cost of its debt. Derivatives are used to manage identified and approved exposures and are not used for speculative purposes.

Interest rate swaps between Fairview and a third party (counterparty) provide for the periodic exchange of payments between the parties based on changes in a defined index, the Interbank Offered Rate (IBOR), and a fixed rate and include counterparty credit risk. Counterparty credit risk is the risk that contractual obligations of the counterparties will not be fulfilled. Concentrations of credit risk relate to groups of counterparties that have similar economic or industry characteristics that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. Counterparty credit risk is managed by requiring high credit standards for Fairview's counterparties. The counterparties to these contracts are financial institutions that carry investment-grade credit ratings. The interest rate swap contracts contain collateral provisions applicable to both parties to mitigate credit risk. Fairview does not anticipate nonperformance by its counterparties.

The following is a summary of the outstanding positions under these interest rate swaps at December 31, 2023:

Instrument Type	Notional Amount	Maturity Date	Rate Paid	Rate Received
Floating-to-fixed rate swap	\$ 74,880	November 15, 2047	3.50%	62.40% of 1-month LIBOR and 0.29%
Floating-to-fixed rate swap	147,620	November 15, 2047	3.60	62.40% of 1-month LIBOR and 0.29%

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

12. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

The fair value of interest rate swaps of \$(26,503) and \$(27,322) at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, is recorded as a liability on the consolidated balance sheets. Fairview offsets the fair value amounts recognized for the derivative instruments and the fair value amounts recognized for the right to reclaim cash collateral (a receivable) based on the terms of the master netting agreement with the counterparty. Fairview's master netting agreements contain provisions that require Fairview to post collateral with the counterparty when the net liability of the derivative instruments is greater than the predetermined threshold. Collateral of \$19,087 and \$9,001 was required to be posted and reduced the outstanding liability recorded at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

None of the derivative financial instruments are designated as hedging instruments. Accordingly, nonoperating gains (losses) are recorded on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. The gains on interest rate swaps are \$898 and \$52,816 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Fairview has authorized certain investment managers to purchase financial derivative instruments on its behalf. Specifically, equity and fixed-income futures are used to invest cash in equities and/or obtain equity market exposure. Fairview's derivative instruments involve varying degrees of risk of loss in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated financial statements arising from potential changes in market prices. The market value of the total notional derivative contracts was \$10,400 and \$5,625 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is included in investments. Realized losses for the derivatives were \$253 and \$2,866 during 2023 and 2022, respectively. In addition, Fairview, through its investment activities, is indirectly involved in such activities as trading in futures, forward contracts, and other derivative products. While these instruments may contain varying degrees of risk, Fairview's risk with respect to such transactions is limited to its respective share in each investment pool.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

13. Fair Value Measurements

Fairview's investments include money market, fixed-income, and equity securities, which are carried at fair value, based on quoted market prices, and are classified as trading securities. Investments designated for use within one year are classified as short-term investments on the consolidated balance sheets. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. In addition, Fairview invests in commingled funds, which are accounted for at NAV as a practical expedient to fair value, and other alternative investments, which are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurements and disclosures section of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) establishes a framework for measuring fair value. The framework consists of a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or a liability as of the measurement date.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e., an exit price). The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy in ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, are described below:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible to the reporting entity at the measurement date for identical assets and liabilities.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

13. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs include the following:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active
 - Observable inputs other than quoted prices that are used in the valuation of the asset or liability
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (i.e., supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk.

Fairview utilizes a discounted cash flow methodology for valuing derivative financial instruments. The valuations reflect a credit spread adjustment to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate discount curve in order to reflect the credit value adjustment for nonperformance risk. The credit spread adjustment is derived from other comparably rated entities' bonds priced in the market. The credit spread adjustment recorded was \$3,187 and \$4,615 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Fair value for Level 3 is based on unobservable market data. There were no financial instruments recorded at fair value classified as Level 3 at December 31, 2023 or 2022.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while Fairview believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable for medical services, accounts payable, and receivables and payables under third-party reimbursement contracts are reasonable estimates of their fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

13. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table presents the financial instruments carried at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2023, based on the definition of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 313,608	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 313,608
Equity pool	274,999	—	—	274,999
Fixed-income pool	337,698	243,291	—	580,989
Real assets pool	53,345	—	—	53,345
Short duration fixed-income pool	97,498	147,168	—	244,666
Total investments at fair value	<u>\$ 1,077,148</u>	<u>\$ 390,459</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>1,467,607</u>
Investments measured using NAV ⁽¹⁾				190,478
Investments measured using the equity method				<u>349,590</u>
Total investments				<u><u>\$ 2,007,675</u></u>
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	\$ —	\$ (7,416)	\$ —	\$ (7,416)

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

13. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table presents the financial instruments carried at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2022, based on the definition of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 160,972	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 160,972
Equity pool	340,153	—	—	340,153
Fixed-income pool	367,322	293,255	—	660,577
Real assets pool	69,328	—	—	69,328
Short duration fixed-income pool	79,584	134,272	—	213,856
Total investments at fair value	<u>\$ 1,017,359</u>	<u>\$ 427,527</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	1,444,886
Investments measured using NAV ⁽¹⁾				226,548
Investment measured using the equity method				338,637
Total investments				<u>\$ 2,010,071</u>
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	\$ —	\$ (18,321)	\$ —	\$ (18,321)

⁽¹⁾In accordance with ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurement – Overall*, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Fairview is insured with external insurance carriers for professional and general liability claims in excess of amounts self-insured through its insurance subsidiary. Fairview self-insures a portion of its professional and general liability risk through its wholly owned captive insurance subsidiary. Premiums paid to its captive insurance subsidiary are based on the cost of comparable coverage with commercial insurance companies and are eliminated in consolidation. Fairview also maintains coverage for losses in excess of certain limits with an outside insurance carrier under a risk-sharing program with certain other healthcare providers. Premiums are based on the experience of Fairview and the other healthcare providers and could result in a retrospective adjustment.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

14. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Fairview manages its professional and general liability insurance programs through its captive insurance company and its employee health insurance through self-funded plans. The provision for claims against these programs includes an estimate of the ultimate cost for reported claims and claims incurred but not reported. The estimate for professional and general liability, workers' compensation, and employee health insurance claims is based on actual claims to date and actuarial studies of Fairview's estimated future liability for such claims.

The estimated undiscounted liability for outstanding employee health insurance claims was \$39,442 and \$22,975 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The estimated undiscounted liability for professional and general claims, and the estimated discounted liability for workers' compensation claims totaled \$94,227 and \$89,705 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is included in other current liabilities and insurance subsidiaries claims reserves. Valuation of these liabilities is based on historical data.

Fairview is a defendant in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes the ultimate disposition of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on Fairview's consolidated financial condition or operations. However, there can be no assurance that this will be the case.

Approximately 26% of Fairview's employees are represented by various collective bargaining arrangements that expire within one to four years. In 2022, Fairview recorded non-recurring expenses of \$24,527 resulting from labor contingency planning and temporary labor costs reflected in the labor strike expenses on the statement of operations and changes in net assets.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) (Dollars in Thousands)

15. Employee Benefit Plans

Fairview sponsors a number of defined contribution pension plans covering most of its employees who meet certain eligibility requirements. Fairview's contribution expense for the plans was \$70,487 and \$89,360 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is reported on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets within salaries and benefits expense.

Fairview had several defined benefit plans, participation in which is frozen, and postretirement plans. In 2020, Fairview finalized the termination of two defined benefit plans and fully distributed the remaining plan assets and fully satisfied all remaining obligations. The remaining plans provide pension and postretirement benefits to approximately 8% of Fairview's employees. Net periodic benefit costs totaled \$1,413 and \$1,198 for 2023 and 2022, respectively. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the net accrued benefit costs are recorded within other long-term liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets and totaled \$6,155 and \$8,615, respectively. The change to Fairview's unrestricted net assets arising from changes in plan assets and benefit obligations was \$26 and \$(4,026) in 2023 and 2022, respectively. The weighted average discount rate and expected long-term rate of return on plan assets used to estimate the net periodic benefit cost were 5.35% and 6.25% for 2023, and 2.79% and 5.25% for 2022, respectively. The weighted average discount rate used to estimate the accrued benefit cost at December 31, 2023 and 2022, was 5.05% and 5.29%, respectively. The projected benefit obligation for the plans totaled \$50,801 and \$50,202 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The fair value of pension plan assets was determined using the fair value hierarchy as defined in Note 13. Fair value methodologies for Level 1 are consistent with the inputs described in Note 13. Fair value of pooled separate accounts is based on the net asset value of shares held by the plans at year-end and is classified as Level 2. Fair value of the guaranteed investment contract is calculated by the annuity provider based on unobservable market data and is classified as Level 3.

The following analysis of the pension plan assets, measured at fair value on a recurring basis, is based on the definition of the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2023:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Pooled separate accounts	\$ —	\$ 51,406	\$ —	\$ 51,406
Guaranteed investment contract	—	—	997	997
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 51,406</u>	<u>\$ 997</u>	<u>\$ 52,403</u>

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

15. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The following analysis of the pension plan assets, measured at fair value on a recurring basis, is based on the definition of the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2022:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Pooled separate accounts	\$ —	\$ 47,207	\$ —	\$ 47,207
Guaranteed investment contract	—	—	981	981
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 47,207</u>	<u>\$ 981</u>	<u>\$ 48,188</u>

Fairview also participates in union-sponsored multiemployer plans to which contributions are made in accordance with collective bargaining agreements. The risks of participation in these multiemployer plans are different from single-employer plans in the following aspects: (a) assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers; (b) if a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers; and (c) if Fairview chooses to stop participating in some of its multiemployer plans and if the plan is underfunded, Fairview may be required to pay those plans an amount based on the underfunded status of the plan, referred to as the withdrawal liability.

Fairview's participation in these plans is outlined in the table below. The "EIN/Pension Plan Number" column provides the Employee Identification Number (EIN) and the three-digit plan number, if applicable. The most recent Pension Protection Act zone status available is for the plan's year-end at December 31, 2023 and 2022. The zone status is based on information that Fairview received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65% funded, plans in the yellow zone are less than 80% funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80% funded. The "FIP/RP Status Pending/Implemented" column indicates plans for which a financial improvement plan (FIP) or a rehabilitation plan (RP) is either pending or has been implemented. The last column lists the expiration date of the collective bargaining agreement to which the plans are subject.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

15. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Pension Fund	EIN/ Pension Plan Number	Pension Protection Act Zone Status		FIP/ RP Status Pending/ Implemented	Contributions of Fairview for the Plan Year Ended		Surcharge Imposed	Expiration Date of Collective Bargaining Agreement
		2023	2022		2023	2022		
Twin City Hospitals Minnesota Nurses Association Pension Plan	41-6184922 – 001	Green	Green	N/A	\$ 36,653	\$ 36,339	No	May 31, 2025
Other					<u>2,949</u>	<u>2,692</u>		
Total contributions					<u>\$ 39,602</u>	<u>\$ 39,031</u>		

Total amounts expensed under the union-sponsored multiemployer plans were \$39,602 and \$39,031 for 2023 and 2022, respectively, and were recorded within salaries and benefits on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Fairview contributes more than 5% of the total contributions to all of the plans in which it participated for the plan years 2023 and 2022. Fairview is required to make a minimum contribution of \$33,257 in 2024. The funding improvement plan for the Twin City Hospitals Minnesota Nurses Association Pension Plan requires no contribution or benefit changes from the currently bargained amounts to achieve the funding improvement plan goals. The Plan did not require a surcharge payment. At the date Fairview's consolidated financial statements were issued, Forms 5500 were not available for the plans' year ended in 2023.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

16. Functional Expenses

Fairview provides health-related services to patients and operates a health insurance services organization providing health insurance services to subscribers in the communities it serves. Recurring and non-recurring expenses related to providing these services, included on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets, are as follows:

	Health Care Services	General and Administrative	Total
Year ended December 31, 2023			
Salaries and benefits	\$ 2,838,436	\$ 522,769	\$ 3,361,205
Supplies	2,265,748	10,467	2,276,215
Purchased services	1,061,252	105,403	1,166,655
Depreciation and amortization	99,759	51,344	151,103
Interest	54,855	2,161	57,016
Other	352,643	135,766	488,409
	<u>\$ 6,672,693</u>	<u>\$ 827,910</u>	<u>\$ 7,500,603</u>
	Health Care Services	General and Administrative	Total
Year ended December 31, 2022			
Salaries and benefits	\$ 2,661,021	\$ 505,845	\$ 3,166,866
Supplies	2,031,020	21,561	2,052,581
Purchased services	989,382	101,262	1,090,644
Depreciation and amortization	96,987	48,471	145,458
Interest	50,962	3,024	53,986
Other	332,954	134,712	467,666
	<u>\$ 6,162,326</u>	<u>\$ 814,875</u>	<u>\$ 6,977,201</u>

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

17. Income Taxes

Most of Fairview's controlled affiliates are tax-exempt organizations as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC. These organizations are subject to income tax on any income from unrelated business activities. Fairview also owns or controls certain taxable affiliates. Fairview files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and in various state and local jurisdictions. With few exceptions, Fairview is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state, and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2017. Fairview is currently undergoing an audit being conducted by the Internal Revenue Service which could result in adjustments to income taxes payable for years under audit or on estimates for uncertain tax positions.

Fairview has made reasonable estimates of the provision for income taxes and on existing deferred tax balances based on accounting guidance included in ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized in the consolidated financial statements at currently enacted income tax rates applicable to the period in which the deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be realized. Valuation allowances are established when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

Fairview recognizes all tax positions, including those positions in a previously filed tax return or a position expected to be taken in a future tax filing that is reflected in measuring current or deferred income tax assets and liabilities, when it is more likely than not (likelihood of greater than 50%) that, based on technical merits, the position will be sustained upon examination. There are \$6,800 and \$8,400 of uncertain tax positions recorded on the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Fairview has made reasonable estimates of the provision for income taxes and on existing deferred tax balances based on accounting guidance included in ASC 740, *Income Taxes*.

Fairview does not expect that there will be a significant change in the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits within the next 12 months.

Fairview Health Services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Dollars in Thousands)

18. Subsequent Events

Fairview evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to December 31, 2023 through April 12, 2024, the date of issuance of the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

In February 2024, Fairview recognized \$49,820 of Federal Emergency Management Agency funding, within other operating revenue, which was related to unreimbursed expenses incurred during fiscal years 2020 to 2022 in direct response to the COVID-19 emergency.

On February 21, 2024, Fairview's patient claims clearing house provider experienced a cyberattack that temporarily halted Fairview's ability to submit claims to insurers, causing significant disruptions in Fairview's ability to bill and collect for services it provided. Fairview transitioned claims to an alternate provider and received advanced payments from its largest government and commercial payors to improve cashflow during the transition period. This is not expected to have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements. Accounts receivable for medical services are expected to increase temporarily, leading to a corresponding decrease in cash and short-term investments. While the date of full resolution is unknown, Fairview has sufficient liquidity to maintain operations until liquidity is normalized.

During this period, there were no other subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

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